

ĐỀ 1 – TRƯỜNG THCS MỸ ĐỨC*Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others**

1. A. charity B. dynamite C. energy D. slavery
 2. A. flood B. typhoon C. groom D. balloon

II. Choose the word that has different stress from the others.

1. A. festival B. disaster C. nationwide D. humorous
 2. A. environment B. enormous C. celebration D. pollution

III. Choose the best answer

1. A tropical storm that reaches 120kms per hour called a.....in America.
 A. typhoon B. cyclone C. hurricane D. tornado
2. Jane suggesteda dictionary.
 A. that buying B. me to buy C. that I should buy D. to buy
3. The boy..... we met yesterday is my English teacher.
 A. who B. whom C. which D. whose
4. He drove, so he had an accident.
 A. careful B. careless C. carefully D. carelessly
5. The environment in my area is.....with dust from a ciment factory.
 A. pollute B. pollution C. polluted D. cleared
6. She missed the bus.....she went to school late.
 A. so B. because C. though D. but
7. The men and the animalsthey are talking about are inAfrica.
 A. that B. which C. who D. whom
8. My sister will lookmy baby when I am away.
 A. in B. after C. for D. up

IV. Read the following passage and answer the questions

In Viet Nam, the Mid-Fall festival is also called the Children's festival because it includes special activities for them. It is held every year on the 15th of the 8th lunar month when the moon is the brightest and roundest.

About one month before the festival, a lot of stalls are built along the streets selling moon cakes and displaying a variety of lanterns in different sizes and shapes. Lanterns are made of red cellophane-transparent papers and bamboo sticks or of plastic and thin steel wire. Most of them are traditionally lit up with candles though some have battery-operated lamps.

There are a lot of interesting activities in the Mid-Fall festival such as the children's lantern procession and the Unicorn dance performance. Unicorn is an imaginary animal which looks like a lion. These activities are usually performed in the evening.

Children and their parents assemble in the garden, in the backyard, on the terrace of their house, or even on the pavement where they can have a good view of the moon and enjoy the performances. They also celebrate the festival with moon cakes while watching the full moon rising. The festival ends up around midnight when the moon is at its highest position in the sky.

1. Why is the Mid-Fall festival also called the Children's festival?
2. When is the Mid-Fall festival celebrated every year?
3. What do stalls along the streets sell and display before the Mid – Fall festival?
4. List some activities in the Mid-Fall festival.

V. Rewrite the following sentences as suggested.

1. A building has now been rebuilt. It was destroyed in the earthquake.
-> A building.....
2. Mr Jones is over 80 years, but he walks 10 km everyday.
-> Although.....
3. The woman was badly injured. She was driving the motorbike.
-> The woman.....
4. We can save water by taking showers instead of baths.
-> If we

ĐỀ 2 – SỞ GD&ĐT PHÚ YÊN

Time allowed: 45 minutes

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. tidal B. earthquake C. volcano D. deforestation
2. A. chopsticks B. faucets C. drips D. models
3. A. listen B. typhoon C. distinguish D. activity
4. A. predict B. sticky C. priority D. active

II. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

5. We suggest _____ these poor children with some new clothes.
A. helping B. to help C. helped D. help
6. People have been concerned about saving money and _____ resources.
A. naturally B. naturalize C. nature D. natural
7. Teenagers are now _____ dressed.
A. fashion B. fashionable C. fashionably D. unfashionable
8. The girl about _____ we are talking is coming.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
9. If anybody _____ a question, please ask me after this class.
A. have B. has C. had D. will have
10. I want to watch the weather forecast. Can you turn _____ the TV for me?
A. on B. down C. off D. up
11. Classes will be canceled tomorrow _____ it is a national holiday.
A. therefore B. because C. but D. because of
12. The men and animals _____ you saw on TV were from Australia.
A. that B. whom C. which D. who
13. If you can't find your place, I _____ you get there with this map.

- A. will help B. would help C. help D. helped
14. I am fond of travelling. _____, my brother prefers to stay at home.
A. But B. Although C. Therefore D. However
15. He stayed up to watch a late movie on TV _____ he would have an exam the next day.
A. even though B. but C. and D. so
16. A _____ is a tropical storm that reaches 120 km per hour.
A. lightning B. tsunami C. tornado D. typhoon
17. The book _____ is on the table belongs to the teacher.
A. which B. that C. who D. A and B
18. Two hundred people died in that volcanic _____.
A. erupt B. eruption C. erupted D. erupts
19. – “Let me congratulate you on winning the first prize in the English speaking contest.”
– “_____.”
A. Well done. B. You’re welcome
C. That’s very kind of you D. Good idea
20. Please _____ your shoes before entering a building.
A. put off B. take off C. turn off D. go off

III. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

A powerful earthquake (21) _____ the northeast of Japan at 4 P.M last Monday. Although Japan has the most advanced warning system, there had been no early warning for this one and people were not prepared. Suddenly the ground started (22) _____. The shaking continued (23) _____ a few minutes and became stronger. People began running away from buildings (24) _____ walls started to collapse.

21. A. happened B. struck C. strike D. happen
22. A. moving B. moved C. move D. to moving
23. A. on B. at C. of D. for
24. A. when B. but C. so D. if

IV. Read the text and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer each question.

ĐỀ 3 – TRƯỜNG THCS ĐẶNG LỄ*Time allowed: 45 minutes***I/ Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently . (1 điểm)**

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ch</u> ilden | B. <u>ch</u> aracter | C. <u>ch</u> air | D. <u>ch</u> icken |
| 2. A. en <u>ou</u> gh | B. <u>st</u> udy | C. <u>pu</u> t | D. <u>hu</u> ngry |
| 3. A. <u>ce</u> lebrated | B. <u>int</u> ended | C. <u>in</u> vented | D. <u>clea</u> ned |
| 4. A. <u>th</u> ough | B. <u>bo</u> ught | C. <u>br</u> ought | D. <u>th</u> ought |

II/ Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best completes each sentence. (2 điểm)

- We arrived in Nha Trang _____ 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.
A. in B. since C. at D. for
- Although my mother is not a singer, she sings very _____ .
A. good B. badly C. beautiful D. beautifully
- Where _____ you go if you had a car?
A. will B. would C. may D. can
- Lan said she _____ to Ha Long Bay the following day.
A. would go B. will go C. go D. went
- He was badly sick yesterday, _____ he didn't go to school.
A. since B. because C. so D. but
- Your father never works in Hanoi, _____ he?
A. does B. did C. didn't D. doesn't
- " _____ have you learnt English?" - "For nearly 4 years"

- A. How long B. How many C. How much D. When
 8. My friend John, _____ works in the city bank, earns more money than I do.
 A. whom B. who C. which D. that

* **READ** (3 điểm)

I/ Read the passage carefully and then choose the best answer for each blank. (2 điểm)

There is much more water than land (1) _____ the surface of the earth. The seas and oceans (2) _____ nearly four-fifths of the whole world, and only one-fifth of (3) _____ land. If you travelled over the earth (4) _____ different directions, you would have to spend much more of your time (5) _____ on water than on roads or railways. We sometimes forget that (6) _____ every mile of land there is four miles of water.

There is much water on the surface of our earth that we (7) _____ to use two words to describe. We use the word seas those parts of water surface which (8) _____ only a few hundreds of miles wide, the word oceans to describe the huge areas of water which are thousands of miles wide and very deep.

1. A. in B. on C. from D. over
 2. A. covered B. covering C. cover D. to cover
 3. A. them are B. its C. it is D. it's
 4. A. in B. for C. to D. by
 5. A. moving B. to move C. move D. moved
 6. A. on B. in C. within D. for
 7. A. must B. should C. have D. would
 8. A. describing B. describes C. described D. to describe

II/ Read the following passage and complete the sentences. (1 điểm)

About 4,000 years ago a young boy called Elmesu wished his father good health and a long life by writing a Father's Day message on a card made of clay. No one knows what happened to Elmesu or his father, but the tradition of having a special day honoring fathers has continued through the years in countries across the world.

Father's Day is celebrated on 3rd Sunday in June in many parts of the world. The idea for creating a day for children to honor their fathers began in Spokane, Washington. A woman named Sonora Smart Dodd thought of the idea for Father's Day while listening to a Mother's Day teaching given in a church in 1909. Having been raised by her father, Henry Jackson Smart after her mother died, Sonora wanted her father to know how special he was to her. It was her father that did everything for her and was, in the eyes of his daughter, a courageous, selfless, and loving man. Sonora's father was born in June, so she chose to hold the first Father's Day celebration in Spokane, Washington on the 19th June, 1910.

1. According to the writer, Father's Day was first celebrated _____.
 2. Elmesu wrote a message on a clay card to wish _____.
 3. The idea of celebrating Father's Day came from _____.
 4. Father's Day celebrated in many countries in the world is on _____ each year.

* **WRITE** (2 điểm)

I/ Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) that is the same meaning with the italic sentence.

(1 điểm)

1. *She goes to school late because she lives very far from school.*
A. Unless she lives far from school, she wouldn't go to school late.
B. Unless she lived far from school, she would go to school late.
C. If she lived far from school, she wouldn't go to school late
D. If she didn't live far from school, she wouldn't go to school late
2. *I want to meet Nga, but I don't have her address.*
A. If I had Nga's address, I would meet her.
B. If I have Nga's address, I would meet her.
C. If I had Nga's address, I will meet her
D. If I had Nga's address, I will meets her
3. *Water these plants or they will die.*
A. If you did not water these plants, they will die
B. If you water these plants, they will die.
C. If you don't water these plants, they will die.
D. If you are watering these plants, they will die.
4. *Where is Lan? _ Perhaps she is working.*
A. She may be working.
B. She can be working.
C. She must be working.
D. She will be working.

II/ Use the given words to make sentences. (1 điểm)

1. He/ used/ play/ soccer/ he/ be/ small.
2. We/ learn/ English/ 4 years.
3. I/ wish/ I/ be/ millionaire.
4. Rice/ grow/ Vietnam.

***** THE END *****

ĐỀ 8 – TRƯỜNG THCS HỒNG BÀNG*Time allowed: 45 minutes*

Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose main stress position is placed differently from that of the others in each group.

Question 1. A. become B. thirteen C. channel D. prefer

Question 2. A. natural B. thunderstorm C. tropical D. disaster

Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the part that is incorrect.

Question 3. The boy whom laughed happily was my brother.

A. the B. was C. whom D. happily

Question 4. Peter and Jone plays badminton every Saturday with Maria and me.

A. every Saturday B. badminton C. Maria and me D. plays

Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct preposition or adverb particle that completes the sentences

Question 5. That type of music is quite popular _____ teenage boys and girls.

A. at B. between C. for D. with

Question 6. John got ill and had to give _____ smoking

A. about B. on C. up D. to

Mark letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

Question 7. A. climate B. federation C. separate D. apartment

Question 8. A. currency B. Ethnic C. official D. secondary

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase to complete each of the following questions

Question 9. Two department stores _____ in the city center this year.

A. has built B. have built C. have been built D. has been built

Question 10. "I think we should take a shower instead of a bath to save energy." "_____."

A. How about using the shower

B. Great! Let's do that

C. Yes, I'd love to.

D. Yes, thanks.

Question 11. They haven't met Jill since she _____ school.

A. left

B. would leave

C. leaves

D. was leaving

Question 12. She _____ won the scholarship to study abroad.

A. successfully

B. success

C. succeed

D. successful

Mark letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word SIMILAR in meaning to the underlined word.

Question 13. She'll take the new job whose salary is wonderful.

A. fantastic

B. pretty high

C. reasonable

D. low

Mark letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the given one.

Question 14. It may rain this afternoon. I hope it doesn't because I don't want the match to be canceled.

A. If it had rained, the match would have been canceled.

B. If it rained, the match would be canceled.

C. If it rains, the match is canceled.

D. If it rains, the match will be canceled.

Question 15. "Can you speak English?" my boss asked.

A. My boss asked me if can I speak English.

B. My boss asked me if I could speak English

C. My boss asked me if I can speak English.

D. My boss asked me if could I speak English.

Question 16. We've never seen a prettier flower display.

A. This is the prettiest flower display we've ever seen.

B. This flower display isn't as pretty as those we've seen.

C. This is one of the prettiest flower displays we've ever seen

D. This flower display is prettier than some we've ever seen.

Question 17. Although he took a taxi, Bill still arrived late for the concert.

A. Bill took a taxi to the concert, but he couldn't catch it.

B. Bill arrived late for the concert because of the taxi.

C. In spite of taking a taxi, Bill arrived late for the concert.

D. Bill arrived late for the concert whether he took a taxi or not.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word that best completes each of the numbered blanks from 14 to 16.

Some volcanoes are always erupting. They are called active volcanoes. Mount Etna in Italy is an active volcano. Some volcanoes have not _____ (14) _____ since prehistoric times. These are called extinct volcanoes. Most of the Hawaiian Islands are extinct volcanoes. These volcanoes _____ (15) _____ have a hot spot under them. They cannot erupt anymore. Some volcanoes have not erupted for a long time, so they could erupt again. These are called dormant volcanoes. Scientists try to figure out when volcanoes will erupt. Studying volcanoes is hard and dangerous work. Scientists drill into volcanoes. They create maps of the inside of the volcanoes. They use satellites to study volcanoes in space. Scientists have been able to predict a few eruptions. _____ (16) _____ it is not easy to tell what a volcano might do.

Question 18. A. been erupted B. burnt C. erupted D. been burnt

Question 19. A. no longer B. any longer C. any more D. not more

Question 20. A. During B. And C. Therefore D. But

Read the following passage and mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions that follow.

In the early years of television, educational specialists believed that it would be very useful in teaching and learning. Many schools have bought television sets, intending to use them effectively to improve the quality of education; but actually, they are rarely used properly in classrooms. Meanwhile, children spend the majority of their out-of-school hours watching TV and their typical school days proceed as if television did not exist.

There are some explanations for the failure of television to get the interest of the teachers. Firstly, the schools that purchased television sets have not set aside money for equipment repairs and maintenance, so these television sets are sooner and later out of order. Secondly these schools have not found an effective way to train teachers to integrate television into their ongoing instructional programs. Lastly, most teachers do not regard the quality of

television and its usefulness in the classroom. Teachers at the schools work hard for at least twelve years to train their students to become good readers. However, according to recent statistics, teenagers seldom spend their free time reading books and newspapers but watching television instead.

Question 21. According to the text, TV _____.

- A. has not attracted students' interest B. has been used effectively in classrooms
C. has not existed in classrooms D. has not been used properly in classrooms

Question 22. The text is about _____.

- A. the use of television at schools B. watching TV outside school
C. educational specialists D. teaching and learning television

Question 23. The word "it" in the first sentence is closest in meaning with _____.

- A. educational specialists B. television
C. quality of education D. early years

Question 24. When TV first appeared, educational specialists _____.

- A. believed it would be useful for schooling
B. banned children from watching TV
C. did not appreciate it
D. somewhat appreciated it

Question 25. Children spend their free time _____.

- A. learning foreign languages B. reading books
C. reading newspapers D. watching TV

ĐỀ 9 – TRƯỜNG THCS TỐ NHU'*Time allowed: 45 minutes***I/ Choose A, B, C, or D**

- When I turned up, the town hall was already _____ of teenagers.
A. full B. packed C. crowded D. jammed
- She turned _____ the new job in New York because she didn't want to move.
A. on B. down C. off D. up
- This city has one of the most _____ underground rail networks in the world.
A. efficient B. fashionable C. cosmopolitan D. fascinated
- This laptop is much more user- friendly, but it costs _____ the other one.
A. so much as B. as many as C. twice as much as D. twice as many
- Today's cities are _____ than cities in previous times.
A. lots larger B. much larger C. as large D. the largest
- After I found all the information I needed, I _____ the computer.
A. turned off B. switched on C. looked for D. put off
- Japan is the _____ developed country in the world.
A. most second B. second in most C. second most D. two most
- Factories and offices should be built in _____ areas only.
A. rural B. coastal C. cultural D. urban

II/ Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verbs from the box. You don't need to use all of them.**Live turn break get give keep come take find go**

- Has Phuc arrived yet?- No, but I'm sure he..... up soon.
- My aunt never really..... over the death of her pet dog.
- It's not easy to..... up smoking. My uncle has tried to do it lots of times without success.

- 4. Sorry, I don't mean to interrupt you. Please..... on and finish what you are saying.
- 5. I enjoyed living in London, but it didn't really..... up to my expectations.
- 6. I'm sorry I'm late, but the car..... down on the way here, so I had to phone for a taxi.
- 7. You were going too fast! I couldn't..... up with you.
- 8. Remember to..... out how many people are coming to the party.

III/ Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

- 1. You should use a dictionary to check the meaning of new words. (LOOK)
.....
- 2. The doctor told my father to stop smoking. (GIVE)
.....
- 3. The cost of living has been increasing considerably in the past few weeks. (UP)
.....
- 4. Margaret Thatcher was born and spent her childhood in the town of Grantham, Lincolnshire, England. (GREW)
.....
- 5. His business is going badly – he'll have to stop doing it soon. (CLOSE)
.....
- 6. My aunt has got two teenage children, but they don't seem to have a good relationship with each other. (GET)
.....

IV/ Complete the second sentences in each pair so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentences.

- 1. This exhibition is much more interesting than the last one.
- The last exhibition was not.....
- 2. The teacher says that no student in the school is noisier than I am.
- The teacher says that I'm.....
- 3. This book is the least interesting I've ever read.

I have never.....

4. I think Vung Tau City is the most 'liveable' city in Viet Nam.

- I think there is no.....

5. This city is the same as it was in the 1990s.

- This city hasn't.....

6. He found the visit to the gallery quite depressing.

- He felt.....

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ĐỀ 10 – TRƯỜNG THCS NGUYỄN TRÃI*Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Chọn từ có phần gạch chân phát âm khác với những từ còn lại.**

1. A. move B. hotel C. photo D. pagoda
 2. A. funnel B. thunderstorm C. erupt D. nuclear

II. Chọn từ có trọng âm khác với những từ còn lại

1. A. natural B. disaster C. volcano D. typhoon
 2. A. decorate B. nominate C. describe D. celebrate

III. Chọn đáp án đúng nhất để hoàn thành câu.

1. If we _____ littering, the environment will become seriously polluted.
 A. look after B. turn off C. go on D. look for
2. The woman _____ came to see me yesterday is my teacher.
 A. who B. where C. whom D. which
3. If you want to save money, you should _____ the amount of water your family uses.
 A. increase B. reduce C. pollute D. repair
4. Hoa is very tired; _____, she has to finish her homework.
 A. moreover B. therefore C. because D. however
5. Nam is a _____ cyclist. He often has accidents.
 A. careful B. careless C. carefully D. carelessly
6. Hoa: I suggest taking showers instead of baths to save energy. - Lan:
 _____.
- A. Great ! Don't do that B. Well done!
 C. That's a good idea D. OK. I don't want to
7. What _____ if you met an alien from outer space?
 A. would you do B. will you do C. do you do D. can you do

8. A funnel-shaped storm passing overland below a thunderstorm is called a _____.
- A. typhoon B. volcano C. snowstorm D. tornado

IV. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc.

1. If the rice paddies are polluted, the rice plants (die) _____
2. I suggest (work) _____ harder for the entrance examination.

V. Đọc văn bản và trả lời câu hỏi.

Tet holiday is celebrated on the first days of the Lunar New Year. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls. New clothes are bought for the occasion. One or two days before the festival, people make Banh Chung, which is the traditional cake, and other goodies. On the New Year's Eve, the whole family gets together for a reunion dinner. Every member of the family should be present during the dinner in which many different kinds of dishes are served. On the New Year morning, the young members of the family pay their respects to the elders. In return they receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelopes. Then people go to visit their neighbors, friends and relatives.

1. When is Tet holiday celebrated?
2. What do Vietnamese do some weeks before the New Year?
3. What is Banh Chung?
4. What does the whole family do on the New Year's Eve?

VI. Viết lại câu sao cho nghĩa của nó không đổi với câu ban đầu.

1. Let's put garbage bins around the school yard to prevent lazy students from littering.

→ I suggest.....

2. We go on wasting water. There is a shortage of fresh water in the future. (Viết câu điều kiện loại 1)

→ If.....

3. He didn't have any money, but he bought an expensive mobile phone.

→ Although.....

4. They had to pay a large bill because they didn't use electricity economically.

→ They didn't use electricity economically,

VII. Nói câu dùng đại từ quan hệ.

1. A tornado is storm. It looks like a funnel. (which)

→.....

2. My Aunt Judy is the woman. She is wearing a white dress. (who)

→.....

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ĐỀ 11 – PHÒNG GD&ĐT CHÍ LINH

Time allowed: 45 minutes

I. Listen and choose the correct picture by circling A, B or C. (1 pt)

1. Which is Tom's mother?



A B C

2. Where will the beach party be?



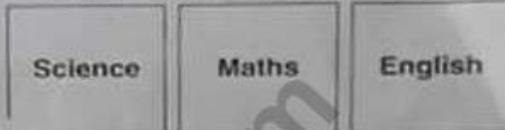
A B C

3. What will Fiona wear to the dance?



A B C

4. What homework is the girl doing now?



A B C

5. What is David going to buy?



A B C

II. Listen and fill in the blank. (1 pt)

Trip to Manchester

1. Temperature in autumn:degree.
2. Will need to wear:
3. Name of train station in London:
4. Cost of train:pounds
5. Take Sarah some:

III. Match the text with what it says. (1 pt)

1. You must not drive a car here.
2. Go to the next floor to buy your son's outfit.
3. Adults shouldn't let children play with it.
4. You must have a ticket to pass here.
5. You can eat cheaply here.

- A. Lowest price in the town!
- B. Keep away from children!
- C. Children's clothes upstairs
- D. Bicycles lane
- E. Entrance
Have your ticket ready
- F. Do not leave luggage here

1-..... 2-..... 3-C... 4-E... 5-D

IV. Read the passage and choose the correct answer to complete the passage. (1 pt)

People use many (1) of energy. Ancient people used only their arms, hands, and simple tools until they discovered fire. Later, people learned to use the energy of the wind to sail ships. Then they learned to use animals to do work. (2) the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, people began to use machines. (3) first machines used steam. They burned coal to heat water. The hot water turned into steam, and the steam engine did the work. Later, people began (4) the gasoline engine, and today people are using nuclear energy.

Energy is one of the basic concepts, or ideas, of physics. It is the ability to do work. Without energy we couldn't live. We need energy to work, and scientists are always (5) new kinds of energy.

- | | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| 1. A. sources | B. means | C. forms |
| 2. A. At | B. On | <input checked="" type="radio"/> C. In |
| 3. A. a | B. an | <input checked="" type="radio"/> C. the |
| 4. A. to use | B. use | C. to using |
| 5. A. looking at | <input checked="" type="radio"/> B. looking for | C. looking up |

V. Read the passage and choose the correct answer. (1 pt)

Almost a hundred thousand people were killed and half a million homes destroyed as a result of an earthquake in Tokyo in 1923. The earthquake began a minute before noon, when the habitants of Tokyo were cooking their midday meals. Thousands of stoves were overturned as soon as the earth began to shake. As a result, small fires broke out everywhere and quickly spread.

The fire engines were prevented from going to help because many of the roads had cracked open. It was impossible to use fire fighting equipment because most of the water pipes had burst. Consequently, over ninety percent of damage was caused by fire rather than by the collapse of buildings.

Most of those who died were not killed in the earthquake itself but in the fires, which followed. If the earthquake had occurred at night while people were sleeping, far fewer would have died.

1. How many people were killed in the earthquake in Tokyo in 1923?

- A. half a million B. Almost a hundred thousand C. thousands

2. When did the earthquake begin?

- A. Before noon B. After noon C. At night

3. What were people doing when the earthquake began?

- A. working B. sleeping C. cooking

4. Why was it impossible to use fire fighting equipments?

- A. the roads had cracked open B. the water pipes had burst C. The spread quickly.

5. What caused over ninety percent of damage?

- A. The fire B. the collapse of buildings C. the fire engines

VI. Rewrite each sentence using the words given. (1.5 pts)

1. I like reading books. Books tell about different peoples and their cultures.

> I like reading books, which tell about different peoples and their cultures.

2. I haven't eaten all day, so I'm really hungry.

> I'm really hungry, I haven't eaten all day.

3. Water these flowers or they will die.

> If you don't water these flowers, they will die.

4. "Why don't we use energy-saving bulbs?"

> He suggested using energy-saving bulbs.

5. She will have to take care of her little sister.

> She will have to look after her little sister.

VII. Prepare a speech on how to reduce garbage using the cues below. (1.5 pts)

- Collect plastic bags.
- Put garbage in recycling bins.
- Not keep solid waste with food waste
- Put different kinds of waste in different places.

ĐỀ 12 – TRƯỜNG THCS CÔN MINH*Time allowed: 45 minutes*

I. Chọn từ có phần gạch dưới được phát âm khác với những từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 1: A. Like B. Lively C. Live D. Likely
 Câu 2: A. noticed B. booked C. stopped D. provided
 Câu 3: A. preserved B. sack C. reason D. poison
 Câu 4: A. Like B. Lively C. Live D. Likely

II. Chọn từ/ cụm từ thích hợp (ứng với A hoặc B,C,D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

- Câu 5: Lan speaks English quite
 A. Good B. goodly C. well D. goodness
 Câu 6: I suggest that we Take showers to save water.
 A. should B. would C. must D. could
 Câu 7: You Better if you took this medicine.
 A. will feel B. feel C. felt D. would feel
 Câu 8: Hoa is very tired....., she has to finish her homework before she go to bed.
 A. therefore B. however C. so D. although
 Câu 9: If you work hard, you the exam.
 A. would pass B. won't pass C. will pass D. passed
 Câu 10: At Tet, family members..... live apart try to be together.
 A. who B. which C. what D. where
 Câu 11: The typhoon last week many houses in its path.
 A. destroyed B. moved C. reduced D. took
 Câu 12: If hesoon, he might be late for a bus.
 A. come B. comes C. came D. doesnot come
 Câu 13: My father oftenT.V after diner.

A. watch B. watching C. watches D. watched

Câu 14: Viet Nam is a country exports a lot of rice.

A. which B. who C. when D. where

Câu 15: We English for four years.

A. learn B. have learnt C. learnt D. will learn

Câu 16: The air is polluted, there are too many cars.

A. but B. however C. because D. therefore

Câu 17: I came to his house, he..... in the garden .

A. works B. worked C. was working D. has worked

Câu 18: Please remember toall the lights and fans before leaving home.

A. turn on B. go away C. look up D. turn off

III. Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và trả lời câu hỏi.

When people look up into the sky, they can see that it is not empty. During the day, they can see the sun. At night, they see the moon and many stars. The stars are very far, so people cannot go there yet. However, people have already been on the moon. Scientists know a lot about it.

The moon is near than the sun. The moon is about 240.000 miles away. The sun is farther, 93 million miles from us. When people look at the moon, it looks almost as large as the sun. That is because it is much nearer. The sun is really much larger.

The sun is a star. It sends out light. The moon is rocky and hard. It does not send out light; it reflects light. This means the moon does not make its own light. The sun sends out light to the moon. Then the moon sends the sun's light back to the earth.

Câu 19: What can be seen in the daylight ?

Câu 20: Scientists haven't known a lot about the moon, have they ?

Câu 21: How far is the sun from the earth ?

Câu 22: Why does the moon look almost the same size as the sun ?

Câu 23: Which can send out its light ?

IV. Dùng từ hoặc cụm từ gợi ý sau để viết thành câu hoàn chỉnh, có thể thêm từ nếu cần thiết.

Câu 24: Tet/ a festival/ occurs/ in late January or early February.

.....

Câu 25: What/ you think/ “ aliens”/ might/ look like?

.....

Câu 26: If / pollute/ the water/ we/not have/ fresh water to use.

.....

Câu 27: She started working in this office 2 years ago.

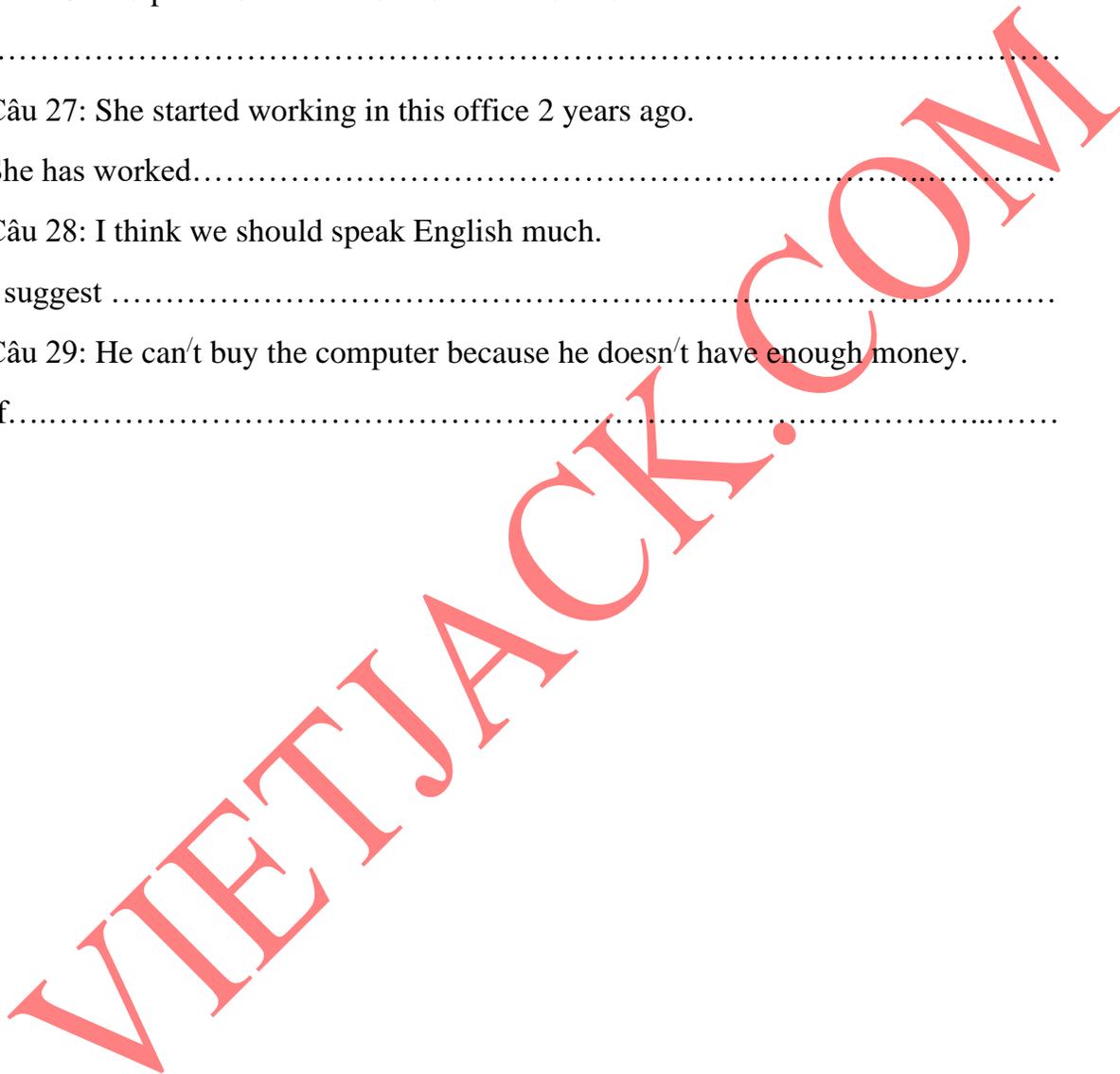
She has worked.....

Câu 28: I think we should speak English much.

I suggest

Câu 29: He can't buy the computer because he doesn't have enough money.

If.....



ĐỀ 13 – TRƯỜNG THCS BÌNH GIANG*Time allowed: 45 minutes***I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.**

- | | | | | |
|----|----------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| 1. | A. energy | B. typhoon | C. cyclone | D. sky |
| 2. | A. natural | B. disaster | C. damage_ | D. grandma |
| 3. | A. disappeared | B. collapsed | C. decided | D. claimed |
| 4. | A. reach | B. Easter | C. season | D. great |

II. Choose the correct answers.

- If we keep our environment clean, we a happier and healthier life.
A. lives B. are living C. will live
- On Tet holiday, family members..... live apart try to be together.
A. which B. who C. whose
- Easter happens..... around the same time as Passover.
A. at B. by C. on
- In 1995, a huge earthquake the city of Kobe in Japan.
A. strike B. struck C. stricken
- Ba is tiredhe stay up late watching TV.
A. but B. however C. because
- I'd love to play football..... I have to complete an assignment.
A. so B. but C. or
- She was proud finishing the work in such a short time.
A. about B. on C. of
- Do you want Vietnamese tea..... milk tea ?
A. and B. or C. however
- Hanh can't go to the movies with us tonight. She will have to..... her little sister.

- A. look after B. look for C. look at
10. Mrs Thoa was tired, she help Nam with his homework.
- A. because B. although C. however
11. Scientists say that if people see a UFO, it..... an aircraft.
- A. might be B. would be C. should be
12. The animal has one or two horns on its snout is rhinoceros.
- A. who B. where C. which

III. Fill in each blank with one suitable word from the box

worst, experiences, destroyed, who, occur, prediction, at, overcome

Japan is one of the world's most earthquake - prone countries and (1)..... thousands of minor tremors each year. But the Kobe earthquake was one of the (2)..... in the country's history – 6.433 people died. Nearly 27.000 people were injured, and more than 45.000 homes were (3)..... The total cost of repairing the damage was estimated (4).....more than \$ 100 billion. Kobe struggled to (5)..... the huge impact of the 1995 earthquake. New office blocks and malls were built to attract back the 50.000 people (6)..... left after the quake. Japanese scientists have since tried to improve (7)..... of quakes, but seismology is an inexact science and it is extremely difficult to forecast when and where quakes will (8).....

IV. Give the correct form of the verbs in the brackets

- We (buy)..... this picture a long time ago. We (have)it for age.
- If we use energy – saving bulbs, we(save)..... a lot of money
- We decide not to go out because it (rain) quite hard right now.
- If Ba (be) rich, he (travel) around the world.

V/ Combine each pairs of sentences below to make a complete sentence. Use the relative clause.

- Ann is very friendly. She lives next door.
- There are some words. They are very difficult to translate.
- The man is a famous actor. You met him at the party last night.
- They've captured all the animals. They escaped from the zoo.

ĐỀ 14 – SỞ GD&ĐT TP.HỒ CHÍ MINH

Time allowed: 45 minutes

I. Listen and choose the correct picture by circling A, B or C. (1 pt)

1. Which is Tom's mother?



A B C

2. Where will the beach party be?



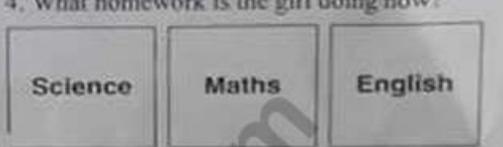
A B C

3. What will Fiona wear to the dance?



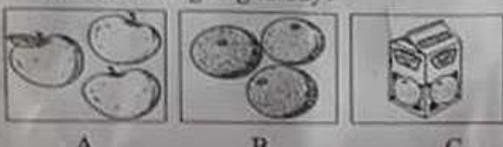
A B C

4. What homework is the girl doing now?



A B C

5. What is David going to buy?



A B C

II. Listen and fill in the blank. (1 pt)

Trip to Manchester

1. Temperature in autumn:degree.

2. Will need to wear :

3. Name of train station in London:

4. Cost of train:pounds

5. Take Sarah some :

III. Match the text with what it says. (1 pt)

1. You must not drive a car here.
2. Go to the next floor to buy your son's outfit.
3. Adults shouldn't let children play with it.
4. You must have a ticket to pass here.
5. You can eat cheaply here.

1-..... 2-..... 3-C 4-F 5-B

A. Lowest price in the town!

~~B.~~ Keep away from children!

~~C.~~ Children's clothes upstairs

D. Bicycles lane

~~E.~~ Entrance
Have your ticket ready

F. Do not leave luggage here

IV. Read the passage and choose the correct answer to complete the passage. (1 pt)

People use many (1) of energy. Ancient people used only their arms, hands, and simple tools until they discovered fire. Later, people learned to use the energy of the wind to sail ships. Then they learned to use animals to do work. (2) the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, people began to use machines. (3) first machines used steam. They burned coal to heat water. The hot water turned into steam, and the steam engine did the work. Later, people began (4) the gasoline engine, and today people are using nuclear energy.

Energy is one of the basic concepts, or ideas, of physics. It is the ability to do work. Without energy we couldn't live. We need energy to work, and scientists are always (5) new kinds of energy.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. A. sources | B. means | C. forms |
| 2. A. At | B. On | <input checked="" type="radio"/> C. In |
| 3. <input checked="" type="radio"/> A. a | B. an | <input checked="" type="radio"/> C. the |
| 4. <input checked="" type="radio"/> A. to use | B. use | C. to using |
| 5. A. looking at | <input checked="" type="radio"/> B. looking for | C. looking up |

V. Read the passage and choose the correct answer. (1 pt)

Almost a hundred thousand people were killed and half a million homes destroyed as a result of an earthquake in Tokyo in 1923. The earthquake began a minute before noon when the habitants of Tokyo were cooking their midday meals. Thousands of stoves were overturned as soon as the earth began to shake. As a result, small fires broke out everywhere and quickly spread.

The fire engines were prevented from going to help because many of the roads had cracked open. It was impossible to use fire fighting equipment because most of the water pipes had burst. Consequently, over ninety percent of damage was caused by fire rather than by the collapse of buildings.

Most of those who died were not killed in the earthquake itself but in the fires, which followed. If the earthquake had occurred at night while people were sleeping, far fewer would have died.

4. How many people were killed in the earthquake in Tokyo in 1923?
- A. half a million B. Almost a hundred thousand C. thousands
2. When did the earthquake begin?
- A. Before noon B. After noon C. At night
3. What were people doing when the earthquake began?
- A. working B. sleeping C. cooking
4. Why was it impossible to use fire fighting equipments?
- A. the roads had cracked open B. the water pipes had burst C. The spread quickly.
5. What caused over ninety percent of damage?
- A. The fire B. the collapse of buildings C. the fire engines

VI. Rewrite each sentence using the words given. (1.5 pts)

1. I like reading books. Books tell about different peoples and their cultures.
 > I like reading books, which tell about different peoples and their cultures.
2. I haven't eaten all day, so I'm really hungry.
 > I'm really hungry, because I haven't eaten all day.
3. Water these flowers or they will die.
 > If you don't water these flowers, they will die.
4. "Why don't we use energy-saving bulbs?"
 > He suggested using energy-saving bulbs.
5. She will have to take care of her little sister.
 > She will have to look after her little sister.

VII. Prepare a speech on how to reduce garbage using the cues below. (1.5 pts)

- Collect plastic bags.
- Put garbage in recycling bins.
- Not keep solid waste with food waste
- Put different kinds of waste in different places.

ĐỀ 15 – TRƯỜNG THCS THẠNH LỘC*Time allowed: 45 minutes*

I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

- Câu 1: A. stopped B. wanted C. worked D. forced
- Câu 2: A. walks B. begins C. cuts D. helps
- Câu 3: A. compare B. stamp C. many D. area
- Câu 4: A. model B. solid C. solar D. profitable

II. Choose the best words by circling the letter A, B, C or D.

Câu 5: If you want to save money, you should.....the amount of water your family uses.

- A. repair B. adapt C. increase D. reduce

Câu 6: This park..... a lot since I last came here in 2000.

- A. changed B. is changing C. has changed D. changes

Câu 7: They must gather the crop before it rains.....September.

- A. in B. on C. the D. at

Câu 8: Who is going to.....your children when you're at work?

- A. look for B. look up C. look after D. look out

Câu 9: We decided not to go out for meal..... we were too tired.

- A. and B. but C. so D. because

Câu 10: At Passover, Jewish families eat a special.....called the Seder.

- A. celebration B. party C. meal D. festival

Câu 11: Peter....., can compose many pieces of music, sings very well.

- A. whose B. which C. whom D. who

Câu 12: ".....the TV for me, will you? I want to watch the weather forecast."

- A. turn up B. turn in C. turn off D. turn on

Câu 13:.....he likes chocolate, he tries not to eat it.

A. As B. Despite C. Though D. Since

Câu 14: If it.....this evening, I will not go out.

A. rained B. raining C. to rain D. rains

Câu 15: I wish you.....leave now. Can't you stay a bit longer?

A. hadn't to B. don't have to C. won't have to D. didn't have to

Câu 16: Auld Lang Syne is a song.....is sung on New Year's eve

A. who B. whose C. whom D. which

III. Give the correct forms of the verbs in brackets

Câu 1. She (go) _____ to school at 6:30 everyday.

Câu 2. He (learn) _____ English since 1992. He is doing his homework in the living room.

Câu 3. Five years ago, he (live) _____ in the country with his parents.

Câu 4. Next year, my father (repair) _____ the house.

IV. Read the paragraph, then answer the questions

One of the festivals in the Buddhist tradition is called Vesak. It takes place in April or May, and it lasts for three days. The festival celebrates the life of Buddha, and it also marks the beginning of the Buddhist year. During the festival, Buddhists decorate their houses and streets with flowers and paper lanterns. They give presents to monks and to poor people, and they send each other cards. In India, they sometimes buy birds in cages and set them free.

Câu 1. What is Vesak?

Câu 2. When is Vesak celebrated?

Câu 3. How long does Vesak last?

Câu 4. Do monks and poor people receive presents during Vesak?

V. Rewrite the sentences, using words in brackets

Câu 1. They decided to go out. It rained heavily. (Although)

Câu 2. Why don't we go to school by bike instead of motorbike to save energy? (I suggest)

Câu 3. The flowers are rose. I bought them for my mother. (which)

Câu 4. The boy is standing near the tree. He is my brother. (who)